FOR PRESIDENT. HENRY CLAY.

FOR MAYOR: MORRIS FRANKLIN.

TIn Democratic Whig General Com-MITTEE OF THE CITY OF NEW-YORK, Feb. 27, 1814.-The following persons were appointed the FINANCE ELLIS POTTER, ROBERT JONES,
J. PRESCOTT HALL, JAMES H. BRAINE,
BENJAMIN LODER, JACOB ACKER,
E. T. BACKHOUSE. COMMITTER for the present year, viz:

The above Committee and such persons as may be appointed under she signatures of their Chairman and Secretary are alone authorized to collect funds in behalf of this Commit tee. By order. N. BOWDITCH BLUNT, Chairman.

J. H. Hobart Haws, Secretaries. mhll 4r

How the Present Tariff is opposed.

The Cayuga Tocsin is one of the ablest and least knavish of the Van Buren journals of this State, and of course disdains the skulking, noncommittal policy of the Albany Argus and the · Old Hunkers' with regard to the present Tariff, but assails it with the deadly hostility of genuine, straight-out Loco-Focoism. True, it does not stick for truth, but we think that is the result of ignorance and not of intentional deception. For instance, says the Tocsin of the existing Whig

"The duty on wool, worth 7 cents or under, is 5 per cent. ad valorem. The wool imported into this country is of this cheap quality. Large quantities of it, of extraordinary fineness are brought from South America, and sold in an un washed state at 6 and 7 cents. After being thoroughly washed, it sells readily for 18 and 20."

Why Tocsin, why don't you buy a Whig Almanac or some other reliable book of statistics. and learn how to keep out of such blunders as this? The present Tariff, in its very first section, (after providing that if Wool of different qualities is imported in the same bale, package, or even invoice, it shall all be appraised at the value of the best quality,) says

"Provided further, That if any Wool be imported having in it dirt or any other material or impurities other than those naturally belonging to the fleece, and thus be reduced in value to seven cents per pound or under, the appraises shall appraise such wool at such price as, in their opinion, it would have cost had it not been so mixed with dirt or impurities, and a duty shall be charged thereon in conformity with such convenient." But, says the Tocsin, the duty on Glass Tum-

blers was 3 cents per lb. and 29 per cent. ad valorem under the former 'low Tariff.' All wrong, Tocsin! the duty was twenty per cent, and two cents a pound, but it had been cut down by the graduations of the Compromise Act to bare 20 per cent. in 1841. Then they cost 45 to 50, or at the lowest 37½ cts. a dozen under the Revenue duty, and now they are made at home 10 per cent. cheaper under a Protective duty. So of Window Glass, so far as it is affected by the present Tariff. You must try again. But hear the Tocsin again:

"It is useless for them to attempt to deceive an intelligent people. Although the price of a few articles of hardware may have been reduced, there has, nevertheless, been an advance of ten per cent, as admitted by the Tribune, on the whole con-sumption, since the Tariff of 1812 went into effect,"

Why, neighbor, who stuffs you with such fabrica tions as this? The Tribune never admitted any thing like this, but has proved the direct contrary, to Montgomery and thence to Columbus, Ga. beyond all dispute. We say, because we know, that hardware is afforded cheaper to our consumers now than it ever was under low duties. How many times must we correct the above falsification?

"The farmer is taxed 160 per cent on his loglor, and hatter 70 to 140 per cent on their anvils or tory with one dissenting voice, have been read smoothing irons." Now, Tocsin, will you just be twice in the House and referred. so good as to tell us how much these articles severally cost in Cayuga county now, and how much cheaper they were at any former time? Why won't you come into close action?

But the Tocsin gives a table of alleged prices of certain cotton goods last Spring and now, showing days ago from Derby, but waited until he cona rise, and says, here is the effect of the Tariff! But what do two prices-the earlier six months after the present Tariff was adopted, and the later eighteen months after-prove? If a rise of cotton goods eighteen months after the Tariff passed is attributed to it, why not their fall, three months after? Why not contrast their price the Spring before the Tariff passed with that of the Spring after, or the next? But this obviously just course would have upset the Toc-

But that paper proceeds:

"Low as the prices were last spring, the manufacturers received very heavy dividends." So far is this from the truth, that some of the best among them failed, and the Free Traders chuckled over their downfall. Very few of them

were doing well then, though four or five companies, having rare advantages and good luck, made good dividends. Generally, however, the manufactories did badly for the six months ending

But hear the Tocsin again : " It is said that one pound of the raw material will make

several yards of common factory cloth, and while the former has risen some twenty per cent on the pound, the latter has advanced from thirty to sixty per cent. on the vard." Of course, "it is said," if you say it, but it is

untrue, let who will say it. The rise in Cotton from March, '43, is fully fifty per cent. and the rise in Cotton Goods will not average thirty per cent. although the business was so depressed a year ago that many mills were running at a loss.

- But why need we expose these statements in detail? Let one more example suffice. The Tocsin tells a ridiculous story about Matteawan Fustians costing 12 or 14 cents a yard being sold (it does not say by whom) at 25 or 30 cents! Surely every one must know that a tenth part of that profit would bring a hundred competitors into the field in thirty days. Can nobody make Fustians but the Matteawan man? If it be any thing like the Literary article of that name, we'll warrant the Tocsin Editor as a good hand at the business. He goes on to talk of

"The present of a suit of clothes, made by the button-maker to one of the Massachusetts Senators, for procuring the insertion of a clause in the Tariff bill by which all the articles used in the manufacture of buttons come in duty free, while a prohibitory duty is laid on the buttons themselves."

Here is this man asserting that the duty on Buttons (which is 30 per cent. for metal and 25 for all other, upon a minimum valuation of \$1 per groce) is prohibitory. But just the other side of us (New-Haven) is the Columbian Register, as bitter a Loco-Foco, anti-Protective paper as The Tocsin; and this, being located in the button-making region, asserts that Burrons have but a low duty in their favor, while other manufactures are protected by 100 to 125 per cent .:-This is the way these lads of principle maneuver, the whole country over.-But will the Industrious Classes be deceived, divided and conquered by their chicaneries?

NEW HAMPSHIRE held her State Election yesterday. Is any body curious to learn the result We are not, and shall await its receipt in due

The house of Mrs. Patterson, 145 Prospect-st. Brooklyn, was party burned yesterday morning. Loss \$600 -- insured in the Long Is

THE LATE ELECTION .-- It is a fact worthy to be recorded, that in the late Maryland election, the canal, by the packet, yesterday morning. The Whigs not only carried every Congressional district-but every County in the State but three. [Balt. Pat. | boat.

New York Legislature. The Ball Rolls On!

CORTLAND County has chosen five Whig to arathon.g. Scott, Solon, Freble, Ciucinnatus, Doublful-Willet. five Loco Supervisors-one disputed, as follows: Whigs: Homer, Marathon,g. Cortlandville, Virgil,g.

Last year eight Loco to three Whig! WYOMING County has chosen ten Whig to two Loco Supervisors (one Abolition.) Last year a Loco majority. The towns now stand:

Whigs:
Warsaw. Castile, Covington.
Gainesville, Java. Orangeville,
Wethersfield, Perry.
Shelden, Middlebury. Abolition-China.

ERIE County, so far as heard, twelve Whig Supervisors out of Buffalo, to five Loco-one of of the Whigs are gains.

Rock,) another by one in Tonawanda. Several that the various prisons were crowded, and an ad-From GENESEE, ESSEX, CHAUTAUQUE and Franklin Counties we have partial returns-all showing Whig gains.

Rochester City Election-[Official.]

Wards. WAYOR.			MARSHAL		
Allen W.	Lee.L	Abl. Ch	amberlin, W.	Gates L	. 461.
I354	216	6	297	271	6
II516	202	20	372	343	21
III352	288	28	306	333	28
IV373	238	28	331	284	28
V487	259	27	379	367	32
Total. 2082	1203	109	1685	1598	115
Superviso	ors-W	ig 1,678	; Loco 1,59	4; Abol	. 131.

Police Reform.

'L.' writes us a most startling exposé of the corruption and wickedness of our present Police, ana He charges that several of our Public Officers have their homes in brothels or nightly haunt the most abandoned resorts, and live by levying Black Mail' on harlots, thieves and depredators generally, on promise of aiding their escape from justice. He states that one of the most infamous creatures about town, who was recently sent to the Penitentiary for assaulting with intent to stab a gentleman who had merely given testimony against her paramour who had stolen his watch, is now parading Broadway again, after remaining on Blackwell's Island less than a month; and another, who was sent up for assaulting a gentleman while with his family at the theatre, has been got off, after a few days' confinement, by distributing twenty-five dollars among Police Officers, &c. This, he adds, is a

We need not again express our conviction that the whole machinery supported at a heavy cost by our City for the repression and punishment of crime is utterly corrupt and abominable, that it employs and sharpens worse rascals than it punishes, and on the whole does more harm than good. When, O when! shall we have a real Police Reform?

MR. CLAY .- Invitations for Mr. Clay to visit many places in the northern part of Alabama, given under the impression that he would take Tuscaloosa and Huntsville in his route northward, have been given. These, of course, he has necessarily declined, as he proceeds from Mobile

I Mr. Clay left Mobile on the 5th inst. for Montgomery, where he was to remain several days, and where great preparations had been made for his reception.

The resolutions inviting Mr. Clay to visit Florida, which passed the Senate of that Terri

" MARY ROGERS THE CIGAR GIRL" LIVING !-This is the caption of an article in the New-Haven Courier of vesterday, in which the editor states that he received the following letter some sulted gentlemen in that place as to the probability of the story. The editor states that these gentlemen inform him that the letter is substantially correct. Mrs. Rogers has been enquired of by the neighbors, if Mary, her daughter had arrived from New York. She reluctantly says that a young woman was at her house, but it was "Mary King." The neighbors have tried various ways to see her, but the stranger is not

Correspondence of the Morning Courier. Correspondence of the Morning Courier.

DERBY, March 5, 1811.

Mr. Editor—There is a report here that Miss Mary Rogers, of New York celebrity, arrived in town on Friday last. The driver of the Bridgeport stage states that a young lady rode up with him from Bridgeport, whom he took for her, he having been acquainted with Mary when she was a small girl and resided in this town. She declined giving him her name, and wished to be left at the residence of Mrs. Rogers, her mother, whom you are aware resides in this place. Upon Mrs. Rogers's return from New-York, at the time of the rumored murder, she brought not a remnant of Mary's wearing apparel with her, and in answer to the inquiries of her friends. mored nurder, she brought not rethnain appared with her, and in answer to the inquiries of her friends refused to give any account of them. The above report is generally believed by the inhabitants of this place who have never credited Mary's death, for they have marked well the conduct of Mrs. Rocers during her stay with us. The house has been strictly watched since the above mentioned circum-stance, and the lady has not been seen. She probably keeps stance, and the lady has not been seen. She probably keeps secreted, as there is much excitement prevailing here on account of the report. Yours, &c. J.
P. S. You can do as you choose about publishing this, but I can assure you it is no idle report, as Mr. Wallace the driver of the Bridgeport stage is a man of high respectability and one in whose werd you might confide.

DESTRUCTIVE FIRE IN NEWARK .- A fire broke out vesterday morning, between 4 and 5 o'clock, in the kitchen of the U. S. Hotel, in Broad-st. Newark, which entirely consumed that establishment and two or three frame buildings on either side of it. The following is from an evening

The supply of water was very short, and the progress of the flames was only arrested by the substantial brick buildings which bounded the

row of frame edifices on each side. The United States Hotel was kept by E. Stewart & Son. It was the most extensive estabhishment of the kind in Newark. The building, we understand, was insured. Whether the fur niture, which was nearly all destroyed, was, we

did not learn. It is reported that the chief engineer of the fire department was severely hurt by a fall from a ladder. One of his legs was fractured.

The Newark Advertiser of yesterday evening furnishes the following list of losses:

310 Broad-st. owned by J. C. Garthwaite, and occupied by G. S. Ward, as an umbrella manufactory—insured \$1160.

T. B. Crowell, Eagle Printing office—loss \$900—insured

312, R. C. Stoutenburgh, owner, building not insured; occu-312, R. C. Stoutenburgh, owner, building not insured; occupied by John Lyon. Finding store, in the basement, whose
loss is not stated. The first story was occupied by S. G. Arnold, Morning Post Office—insured in N. R. Ins. Co. \$1,500;
and by Cortland Parker, Law Office.

Nos. 314 and 316, owned by D. A. Hayes and John Chetwood—fully insured—and occupied by them as a law office,
(second story,) basement by W.m. Baldwin's oyster house,
for the country by A. I. Shudey, botanical store, and Cart. I. C. hist story by A. I. Shipley, botanical store, and Capt. J. G. Vandenberg as a segar store; the loss of the latter is about \$700-no insurance.
The adjoining building was the U. S. Hotel, owned by

\$200—no tisurance.

The adjoining building was the U. S. Hotel, owned by John H. Stephens, and occupied by E. Stewart & Son: the loss will much exceed the insurance, which was \$7000 on the building, and \$3000 on teniture—pretty equally divided between the Howard, Manhattun, and North River Companies, of this city, and the Mechanics', co. of Newark.

The remaining were a number of small frame buildings recently erected on the Town Lot owned and occupied as follows: J. Ramsey's lottery office owned by E. Stewart—no insurance; Nos. 318, 320 and 3201 owned by J. Fitzgerald, whose loss is estimated at \$2,000 on the buildings—partially insured; occupied by D. Smith, Periodical Agent, G. H. Andruss and Elias Freeman, Justices' Offices.

The next building was the hook and ladder company s room—owned, we believe, by the city—and the next building, owned and occupied by H. Adams & Brother, merchant tailors, whose loss was about \$1500: no insurance. The second story of the same was the law office of Messrs. Win. K. McDonald and John Whitehead.

Dogald and John Whitehead The amount of property destroyed cannot be ascertained—probably \$30,000; Capt. Stewart's coat, containing his pocket book in which was about \$500—\$340 of which was in bank notes and the remainder in checks, &c. was either burnt up

Mr. Gilmer's remains were taken up the military escorted the corpse from the Capitol, and a large number of citizens also attended at the [Rich. Star, Sat.

In the SENATE, the bills relative to the Oriskany Manufacturing Company and the Tonawanda Railroad were ordered to a third reading. Mr. HARD'S Tariff resolutions were ordered to be printed. The bill to amend the Act relating to the business of banking was passed.

In the House the bill to pay certain debts of the Auburn State Prison was passed, as it came from the Senate. Nothing else of interest was done, either in the morning or evening session.

FROM MATANZAS .- The Savannah Republican contains advices from Matanzas to the 26th ult. Another insurrectionary movement had been discovered, which was to have taken place on the 28th. The rebellion embraced people of the latter by two majority in a Whig town, (Black | all colors, and so many arrests had taken place ditional house had been taken near the river as a temporary jail. The arrests were still going on at the date of the letter. The city was in a state of great excitement and business almost entirely

> FROM RIO JANEIRO .- By the bark Amelia Mulholland, Capt. Millington, we have Rio Janeiro papers to 13th uit. They state that the Captain and an officer of the English brig of war Frolic, had been cruelly beaten near the city of Santos, as they were about to return to their vessel after calling upon the British Vice Consul.

SHOCKING MURDER .- The Natchez Courier of the 29th ult. gives the following particulars of a dreadful murder recently perpetrated in Louisi-

A Miss Demoss was killed about the 15th instant, near Minden, Claiborne Parish, La. She left the house of a neighbor in the evening, to return to the house of her father, a respectable planter, but not arriving, a search was commenced, and a young man, by name' Lambwright, was met in the woods. Upon the searching party proposing to go up a certain branch, he stated that it was no use, he had been there, hunting, &c. They did go, however, and found her dead. She had been violated, severely beaten, and then her head was held under the water to finish the work of death. Some other circumstances have excited suspicion of Lambright, but there is no positive evidence against him. He is a young man, married, with one child, and before his marriage had addressed Miss Demoss, and been by her rejected.

ANOTHER STEAMBOAT DISASTER ON THE MISSIS-SIPPI .- The steam towboat Pilot, Captain Gow, burst her boilers opposite New-Orleans on the 3d inst. killing and scalding several persons. Thos. Kearney, who was blown overboard, is the only one known to be lost. Among the wounded re-survey of the harbor of the city for Naval purare Capt. Gow, his son, the first and second Engineer and Steersman. Speaking of this and other recent disasters of a similar character, the New Orleans Bee pertinently asks-" Can no to render these horrid occurrences less frequent

TT Col. ROBERT ELLIOTT, for many years Assistant Postmaster at Albany, died in that City on Monday. He had lived there from his boyhood, had been in effect acting Postmaster for many been failing for a year past.

Slidell was probably sworn in on the 4th inst.

PRIVATE MAIL CASE .- The case of the United States vs. John G. Gilmour, connected with the American Mail Letter Company, charged with carrying letters on the Philadelphia, Wilmington and Baltimore Railroad, out of the U. S. Mail, at a regular rate of charge, was decided against the defendant on Monday in the U. S. District Court, other similar cases pending in that city, as well as in Philadelphia and New-York.

The ice in the Connecticut opposite Hartford has started down-stream, and they have a clear river for a mile below the Bridge. The thirds.) water had risen above the wharves and was still

The Cohoes Bridge over the Mohawk, opposite Lansingburgh, was partially carried away by ice on Sunday. The Mohawk is of course clear of ice in that vicinity. Opposite Albany, the ice in the Hudson was a foot thick and very strong at noon on Monday.

NAVIGATION OF THE HUDSON .- It will be seen by the advertisement, that the proprietors of those four magnificent boats, the Empire, Troy, Swallow and Albany, are already alive for the anticipated opening of navigation, and will be ready to go through on the first streak of clear water. The Empire, Capt. Roe, and the Troy, Capt. Gorham. form the Morning Line, and the Swallow, Capt. McLean, and the Albany, Capt. Macy, the Evening.

Prof. Bronson delivers his Fourth Lecture at the Tabernacle this evening. The following is his syllabus of its topics:

his syllabus of its topics:

Additional remarks on the Tongue and its contiguous parts;—The philosophical distinction between touch and taste;—The Stomach and lower Alimentary Canal;—Digestion, a general view of its process:—The spiral, or perpetual-circular form proper to the action of the stomach and other organs;—The law of derivative forms; why infinitessimal doses, in medicine, act on the system, explained; and how far, and in what way, untriturated or gross medicines act.—Digestion more particularly considered;—The Gastric junce; the Pyloris;—The law of ascent from the Stomach to the Pyloris;—Further articulations of Alimentary Canal:—the Duodenum:—the Jejumun:—the llium:—the Coccum:—the Colon:—the Receptaculum Chyli;—Distinction between the canscious and unconscious Will, and their uses;—The Chyle and Lymph;—Correspendence of the Alimentary Canal, as known to the Ancient:—The World of Spirits:—The Doctrine of Purgatory;—The importance of proper Diet;—The use of Tobacco; Intemperance;—Alcohol anchanged in the circulation;—Luenhoeck's experiments on the Blood;—The wonderful abstemionaness of Lewis Conaro, contrasted with the gluttony of the Esquimany, Yakuts and Hottentots. Not only Temperance, but abstinence is necessary to perfect the mental activity of Body and Mind. uly Temperance, but abstinence is necessary to perfect the nental activity of Body and Mind.

Prof. Bronson's reply to the strictures of 'O. S. will be found on our first page.

The Rev. Dr. Bacon, of New-Haven, one of the Corresponding Secretaries of "The Christian Alliance," will deliver a Discourse this evening before that Society in Dr. Adams's Church in Broome street. We understand that the Doctor will fully develop his views and the plan of operations of the Society. "The field is Italy-the hope is the evangelization of the Italian."

The complimentary concert to Mr. J. Dudley, noticed a few days since, and which promises to be highly attractive, takes place at the Croton Hall this evening. We bespeak a full attendance.

THE YOUNG FRIENDS OF IRELAND, of this City, it will be perceived on reference to our advertising columns, will celebrate the approaching anniversary of St. Patrick's Day at the Apollo Saloon, Broadway. We are gratified to perceive that the total absence of wines and liquors is a leading feature in their arrangements; -it is worthy of their laudable and patriotic object and tells well for their moral character and discernment. Ladies will join in this festive celebration, which will also give an additional attraction to the occasion.

A very interesting Exhibition of the Intellectual Progress of 100 children of the Indigent ciety for the relief of the Industrious and Sick Poor, will take place at the Tabernacle on Thursday evening. The exercises must deeply interest the bene-

Eureka for Albany papers of yesterday.

By This Morning's Mail.

THE MAY CONVENTION .- The Committee of Arrangement for the Young Men's Convention of Ratification, to be held in this city on the 2d of May next, last evening designated the place for holding the Convention to be 'Green Wood,' a beautiful and commodious situation on the north-eastern edge of the city,-the road to which s paved within a couple of hundred yards,abounding with good water, and shaded with Baltimore American of vesterday.

WASHINGTON CRIMINAL COURT .- The Criminal Court, (Judge Dunlor presiding,) commenced its session in Washington on Monday. Hon. John B. Weller has been indicted for his assault upon Mr. Shriver; Mr. Julian May, the slaver of young Cochrane, and the seconds, Pooler and Ashe, have also been indicted.

Supreme Court of the United States.— Valuation or Two-Thirds Law of Illinois Unconstitutional.—L. L. H. McCracken vs. Charles Hayward, on a certificate of a division of opinion of the Circuit Court of the U. S. for Illinois. This was a case where the Marshal of the U. S. for Illimois. This was a case where the Marshal had returned an execution under which property was appraised and not sold, becaused two-thirds of the appraised value was not bid therefor. The Court directed that the Marshal sell the property to the highest bidder, regardless of the aforesaid law of Illimois.

United States Bank rs. the United States, in error to the Circuit Court of the United States for Pennsylvania. Mr. Justice McLeax delivered the opinion of this Court, reversing the judgment of the said Circuit Court, and remanding this cause, with directions to award a venire facins de novo.

A rumor was current yesterday that a challenge had passed between Lieut. McLaughlin of to exert himself in support of the Protective the U. S. Navy, and C. H. Winder, Esq., an offi-

Balt. Amer. yesterday.

CONGRESSIONAL PROCEEDINGS. BY THE REPORTER OF THE NEW-YORK TRIBUNE

cer in the Navy Department.

WASHINGTON, Monday, March 11. In the House of Representatives to-day, Mr. A. V. Brown, from the Committee on Territories, to whom had been referred the bill to organize a Territorial Government for Oregon, on leave reported a bill to extend the civil and criminal jurisdiction of Iowa to the Pacific.

Resolutions were offered, in order, during the day; among which were the following: By Mr. Cobb-to fix the daily hour of meeting

at 11 o'clock A. M. Adopted. By Mr. Cave Johnson, to add to the rules of the House one authorizing suspensions thereof at | any time, by a majority-vote, to go into Committee of the Whole on the Union, or to provide for the termination of debate in said Committee .--Adopted-the first branch by Yeas 112, Nays 55;

the 2d, Yeas 93, Nays 76. (Mr. Leonard presented resolutions of the Legislature of New-York, in favor of an appropriation for the improvement of the Hudson. Also, of the Common Council of New-York, asking a Aldermen, the Whigs have 3, the Locos 2: one

By Mr. Black of Ga., declaring that Congress has no constitutional power to abolish slavery in the Territories or the District of Columbia or to receive petitions therefor-laid on the table on measures, legal, moral or economical, be devised motion of Mr. Seymour of N. Y .: Yeas 96,

By Mr. Boyd, for the printing of 20,000 extra copies of the report and bill of Mr. McKay for the reduction of the Tariff; adopted, Yeas 109, Nays 50. Mr. HARDEN attempted unsuccessfully to move an amendment to print an equal number of the minority report when made. By Mr. Schenck, to postpone the printing of

years, and was much respected. His health has the report just mentioned for 10 days, so as to give opportunity for the reception and co-printing of the minority report. Laid on the table on mo-The La. Senate, by a strict party vote, tion of Mr. Fish, (voted against by Mr. F. himhave decided to receive all the votes recently self, but made in order to compel a recorded decast at the Senatorial election there, and Mr. claration by the majority of their unwillingness to present both sides of the argument)-Yeas 93, Navs 73.

By Mr. SENTER of Te. for a report from the Secretary of the Treasury of the amount of revenue received from the Tariff in January and February. Objected to ! by Mr. Weller. By Mr. Schenck, inquiring of the President

whether Duff Green has been within the last two years an agent of this Government with Great Baltimore. The penalty is \$50. There are Britain, what his official relations to this Government have been, the amount, the provision for, and authority for his compensation. Not regularly in order, a motion to suspend the rules for its reception failed: yeas 86, nays 75, (not two-

By Mr. Moore of O. making the bill to reduce the Tariff the special order for the 27th inst. and until finally disposed of. A motion of Mr. WEL-LER (subsequently withdrawn but renewed by Mr. BRODHEAD) to lay on the table was rejected, Yeas 86, Nays 90. Mr. D. H. Lewis wanted it amended to fix the time for the consideration. Monday The previous question failing to be seconded, Ayes 73, Noes 75, Mr. HARDIN and many others objecting to the resolution, it was laid over. Previous to this final disposition of it, Mr. Black of Ga. moved an amendment providing for a vote on the bill the first Monday in

May, which he subsequently withdrew. The House adjourned. The Senate were in session but a few moments, adjourning on account of damages done in the shattering of the windows of the Chamber to the extent of the destruction of some 100 or 150 panes of glass, occasioned by the violence of the shock produced by the near discharge of the guns of Maj. Ringgold's troop of Light Artillery, who were being reviewed at the East front of the

Capitol at 11 o'clock. Similar injuries also resulted to the Supreme Court Room, rendering necessary an adjourn-

ment. No personal hurt was received. A few petitions were presented, and several bills were reported from the Committee on Public lands, viz: by Mr. WALKER, to reduce and graduate the price of said lands; by Mr. Woop-BRIDGE, authorizing Illinois to tax the lands within her limits as soon as sold; and by Mr. PORTER, to continue a Canal around the Falls of St. Mary's, at the opening of Lake Superior.

Things in Philadelphia.

PHILADELPHIA, March 12, 1844. THE BIBLE .- Among the speakers yesterda afternoon, at the great public meeting, in reference to the Bi ble and the Public Schoots, were the Rev. Mr. Berg, Rev. Mr. Burrows, Rev. Mr. McCalla, Kev. Mr. Gillett, Joseph Tay lor, E. D. Tarr and Win. D. Baker, Esqs. George App. Esq. Kensington, presided. A series of spirited resolutions were opted-among which I notice the following, offered by the

distinction of party, seet or profession, every man who loves his country, his Bible and his God, is bound by all lawfol and honorable means, to resist every attempt to banish the Bible from our public institutions."

It was not until after 6 o'clock that the meeting adjourned, having been assembled over three hours.

A DISGRACEFUL AFFAIR.—A ball was given last evening at the Assembly Buildings, corner of Chesnut and Tenth streets, by a notorious denizen, which nearly all the fashionable lewd and licentious characters of the city attended. Several fights occurred, a large number of rats having

ed. Several fights occurred, a large number of rats having been placed in the room, who ran across the floor in every di-rection, creating the greatest confusion among those present. It was a shameful affair, and the owners of the building merit the rebuke of the virtuous portion of the community. Police officers were present, employed to preserve order! FROM MARACAIBO.—The bark Cora, Captain

Warner, arrived this morning from Maracaibo, with dates to the 17th February. I learn nothing of interest by the arrival. The C. has a cargo of 1861 bags coffee, 1788 hides and two bar rels bullion. The brig Emma, Capt. Waite, for New York, in a few days, was the only American vessel in port when the A Loco Foco MEASURE .- The Senate of Penn-

A LOCO FOCO MEASURE.—The Schate of Fehnsylvania, yesterday morning, pessed the iniquitous bill dividing the city of Philadelphia into thirty-two election districts, by a vote of 15 yeas to 11 nays. The bill applies only
to the election of Members of Select and Common Council,
and will no doubt become a law, as the Locos have a majority
in the House, and the Governor has expressed his determination to sign the bill in the event of its passage. It won't do,
however, in this noble Whig city.

A DIFFICULTY.—The coal-heavers employed at
Bishmond a few miles above the city by the Besting Bail-Richmond, a few miles above the city, by the Reading Rail-road, are now on a 'strike' for an increase of wages. Yester-

prices declined. State Fives are down to 70 again, and heavy

EVENING FDITION.

WEDNESDAY,21 O'CLOCK,P.M

The Herald has an absurd but characteristic

The Tariff at Washington.

Editorial, asserting the receipt of private advices from Washington that Gen. McKay's Vandal Tariff bill will become a law! This is a pure fabrication. Our advices are at least as reliable as those of the Herald, and we assure our readers that the great Loco-Foco measure of paralysis to the Industry and destruction to the Prosperity of the Country has no reasonable chance of becoming a law. It will with great difficulty be got through the House, even, and has no look at all of getting through the Senate, except in the unimaginable contingency of Connecticut going Loco-Foco at the approaching State Election. Should that incredible result take place, Messrs. Archer, Ber. rien, and Henderson may be impelled to the mistaken conclusion that the Protective Policy is unpopular at the North, and consent to its abandonment. But Connecticut will not go Loco. Foco, nor will the Senate demolish the Tariff! Mark it! Meantime, it behoves every friend of American Labor, fully employed and fairly paid, Tariff, and to circulate and send on Memorials to Congress against its subversion.

Omo,-A Committee of Conference between the House and the Senate have agreed on a compromise Apportionment bill, which, though unjust to the Whigs, is deemed better than to let the Government come to a dead halt. It gives the Locos 17 certain of the 36 Senators, with the better chance in three or four other Districts. The House will stand about 32 certain to each party; 8 doubtful. We presume this bill will pass. The House has decided, 48 to 10, to abolish Public Executions. They had two in Columbus this winter, which did up the business The Whig spirit is every where arousing.

Detroit.-Michigan elected Charter Officers on the 4th, and the Loco candidate for Mayor, Gen. Williams, is chosen by over 100. (The 'Free Press' boasted, the day before, that he would get a hundred Whig votes.) Of the six tie. The vote was very large. Last year, the Whigs carried the Mayor on local grounds.

LATER FROM AFRICA .- By the arrival at Baltimore of Lieut. Ferris, an officer of the U. S. Squadron upon the African Coast, information has been received that three of the vessels composing it, the flag ship Macedonian, Commodore Perry, the sloop Saratoga, Commander Tatnall, and the sloop Decatur, Commander Abbott, have had some warm work upon the Coast in the way of punishing the natives concerned in the murder of the Captain and crew of the schooner Mary Carver, about two years ago. On the 4th of December last, the three vessels

met at Monrovia, and after taking the Governor of Monrovia on board, proceeded down the Coast to about 60 or 80 miles below Cape Palmas, and on the 12th landed a force of about 500 officers and men. A council house was erected on the beach, to which on the 13th the African King and his Interpreter came attended by his people, all fully armed, to hold a palaver. The "talk" was very unsatisfactory, and finally the King, his Interpreter, and the people, turned and ran, but had not proceeded far, before a volley from the American force killed the King, his Interpreter and others. The natives fled to a jungle, from whence they continued for above an hour to fire upon the Americans, who returned volley for volley, burned their towns, destroyed their canoes, and then returned to their ships.

On ehe following day the force again landed a few miles further down, burned five more towns, destroyed a considerable number of canoes, &c. In one of these towns the Register of the Mary Carver was found, also a private letter belonging to the captain of that vessel, and other papers which had clearly belonged to it. The boats again returned to the ships, and a few miles further down a treaty of peace was concluded with another tribe of Africans.

The Saratoga arrived at Madeira on the 20th from Monrovia, and just before she left the latter place, the Rev. Mr. Sawver, one of the Missionaries stationed about 50 miles below Monrovia,

The Barque Roderick Dhu arrived at Monro rovia from Providence about the 6th of Dec.

Mr. M. Appleby, African Missionary, arrived at this port Tuesday in the brig Antarctic, havng left Sierra Leone 12th Dec.

The brig Frances Lord, hence, had arrived. The missionaries, Mr. Raymond, wife, and Mr. Livingston, passengers on board, were in good health. The place had been unusually healthy for the last year. The Spanish brig Voladore, slaver,) with 150 slaves, had made her escape from the Coast, she had been chased several times by H. M. brig Boneta, and one of the American

Another Homicide in Wisconsin! Correspondence of The Tribune. GALENA, Illinois, Feb 24, 1844.

A tragical affair came off at Snake Hollow, Grant County, Wisconsin, thirty miles from this city, yesterday morning, which resulted in the death of Charles Latimer, Esq. Counsellor at Law. The circumstances, as related to me, are these: It seems that Col. White, a Kentuckian, and formerly a member of the Kentucky Legislature, had on the previous evening been singing a Whig song at the Wisconsin House, and that Latimer, who was present, had applied to him some degrading epithet, whereipon Col. W. slapped him in the face. Latimer thereupon challenged White to fight a duel and the challenge was immediately accepted. A Mr. Gloster, who also had had a difficulty with Latimer, was to act as the friend of Col. W. This all took place on Thursday evening. On Friday (yesterday) morning, Latimer met Gloster in passing through the hall of the Wisconsin House to breakfast, and without giving him any notice, drew a pistol and fired at him, the ball grazing his breast, but without doing him any injury. Gloster then seized a rifle to defend himself, but before firing, Latimer snapped another pistol at him, which did not go off. Gloster then discharged his rifle and killed Latimer upon the

Latimer was an Englishman and a "Canadian Patriot." He was a bachelor and a man of intelligence. When himself he was an amiable, gentlemanly and kind hearted man, but in his fits of intemperance, to which he was subject, he became violent and irascible.

There is every indication now that our river will soon be open and that steamboat navigation will be resumed in a few days. Our winter has been remarkably mild and pleasant. The amount of Lead upon our levee is not as great as last year. The roads have been so bad during the winter that the smelters have not been able to send it in.

All is right for Clay and Davis in these diggins. Yours, &c.

FIRE.-A fire broke out Tuesday night about So'clock, in the coffee and spice factory of John Niell, No. 103 Murray street, and before it was day strong disposition to commit violence was manifested, and the Sheriff was called to prevent the same.

The Stock transactions were light to-day, and

would prefer paying for six months or a year, rather than be THIS IS A GRAND FAMILY HOLIDAY at the American called upon for pay by the carrier from week to week, may wolent. See card.

We tender acknowledgements to Capt. Fitch of the Eureka for Albany papers of yesterday.

This is a Grand Family Holiday at the American Muscum, and the Kentucky Ministrels, together with Signor Family Holiday at the American Muscum, and the Kentucky Ministrels, together with Signor Family Holiday at the American Muscum, and the Kentucky Ministrels, together with Signor Family Holiday at the Publishing office.

Subscribers who do not receive their papers regularly at the American Muscum, and the Kentucky Ministrels, together with Signor Family Holiday at the American Muscum, and the Kentucky Ministrels, together with Signor Family Holiday at the American Muscum, and the Kentucky Ministrels, together with Signor Family Holiday at the American Muscum, and the Kentucky Ministrels, together with Signor Family Holiday at the American Muscum, and the Kentucky Ministrels, together with Signor Family Holiday at the American Muscum, and the Kentucky Ministrels, together with Signor Family Holiday at the American Muscum, and the Kentucky Ministrels, together with Signor Family Holiday at the American Muscum, and the Kentucky Ministrels, together with Signor Family Holiday Ho

The Daily Tribune .-- City subscribers who

MONEY MARKET. Sales this day at the Stock Exchange. 900 Alabama 5s 811 25 ,060 do 53 \$t2 25 ,000 Ind. \$ bonds 38 25 ,000 Ohio 6s 50 981 50 25 do Canton o 50 do do do. 75 do do. . . 53 B 6,000 Kentucky 1032 50 do Vicksburg Bk 14 4,000 do 103 400 do Harlem R 331 1,000 do Harlem R 331 1,000 do 424 50 do Faterson R 43 ii 6 do Western R 53 ii 6 do Bk of Com 971 150 do do 13 ii 10 do N. Am. Trust 134 5 do Aub & Roch 105 10 do Am Exe Bk 831

Markets ... This Day, 2 o'clock. Sales 1800 bales Cotton at yesterday's rates. Flour is rather stiffer to-day. Sales 175 bbls. Clover at 10c for new and 9 for not free. Sales 1000 bushels Southern Oats at 29c. 100 bbls. old Pots at \$1 50, and a small lot new at 4 621

MARINE JOURNAL.

PORT OF NEW YORK, MARCH 13-2 P. M. CLEARED.

Ship Canton, Otis, New Orleans, Nesmith & Walih, Bark Heela, Babbidge, St Kitts, A Husbard & Co. Brig Sea-Flower, Noyes, Norfolk, Reade & Hoppock, Schrs Cotton Plant, Boles, Norfolk; Traffic, Gardner, Bal-Schrs Cotton Plant, I

ARRIVED.

nd logwood to Skelding & Ferris.

Brig Fanny, Coit, Norrts, 6 days from Georgetown, with otton to H Coit & Co. Brig Moselle, 13 days from Cardenas, with molasses to FG

olasses to Mason & Thompson. Brig Laurel, Seabury, 20 days from New Orleans, with pork

Schr Alar Valladeth, Barret, 12 days from Washington, N.C., Schr A.F. Thorne, Burch, 7 days from Washington, N.C., aval stores to E.S. Powell Schr Louisa, Atwood, from Marblehead, with fish. Schr Jusper, Howes, 3 days from Boston, with mdze to J

Also, another square rigged vessel.

DISCOVERY OF A DEAD FEMALE IN A CELLAR-SUPPOSED MURDER.-The neighborhood of Walnut-street has been thrown into a state of great excitement by the discovery on Monday of the body of a female buried in the celler of a house at the corner of Walnut and Water-streets, supposed to be murdered. The house had been recently torn lown, and excavations were making to deepen the cellar for the purpose of erecting a new building on the site. When about 15 inches below the surface of the earth floor of the old cellar, the body of the female was found, in a state of complete decomposition, with the flesh denuded from the face and head. and most of the body, and a large carving knife lying in the hole by the body. The body is about five feet in length, and appears to have been young, as the teeth are perfectly sound. and she was clad in a black silk dress, now much rotted away, with black hair on her head put up with a piece of a comb. There was lime over the body and in the hole-and the body was removed to the Dead House that the inquest may be held, and there is little if any doubt that the poor girl has been murdered. From the facts collected, as far as yet ascertained, it appears that some two years ago the house was occupied by an Irishman named Michael Roach, as a porter-house and oyster cellar, with whom and his second wife lived his daughter a young lady by his first wife, who was the reputed heiress of a considerable fortune in her own right. The girl received habitually the most brutal treatment from both her father and step-mother, and was often in the upper part of the house occupied by another family, with her face beaten and bruised and eyes blackened, as she stated, by her father and his wife. About two years ago this Spring, the girl suddenly disappeared, and it was stated by the family that she had run away. Soon after her disappearance, Roach sold out all his

mystery until the end of time. MAYOR'S OFFICE, BEFORE HON. ROBERT H. MORRIS. The Mayor has concluded not to consider the invitation of Drs. Green and Cowan to Mr. Wheeler as a challenge. The

CIRCUIT COURT Before Judge KENT.

Albert B. Van Cott vs. William H. Sharpe .-

This Court met yesterday. The Committee stated that it was unprepared to report on the charges pider ed against Justice Gilbert. A charge was preferred again Justice Stevens, of the Lower Police, under the follows: circumstances: A man was arrested for passing a bad \$1 nill. On his person was found \$50 or \$50 of good money. which was taken possession of by the Police. The persons whom he had passed the \$10 bill paid him back nearly for mount of it in change. This sum, it is said, Justice Steves promised the man should be refunded to him, but instead of that being done the \$50, or \$60 was paid to a lawyer who at

VICE CHANCELLOR'S COURT. James Nixon vs. Haskins-Ordered that the

CORONER'S OFFICE. DEATH BY DROWNING .- The body of a boy

a inquest will be held to-day.

The Members of PROF. FAUVEL-GOURAUD'S. neat School teachers of the City (members of his Class) who

nications on this subject. N. B.-Frof, G.'s last Lecture of the various County

where all the Members of the different Classes will be subse uently invited to assemble, simultaneously, for the purpul being initiated into the application of the System to the Science of Astronomy, universally, and of receiving Prof. G.'s Farewell Address on the PAST and the FUTURE of

the Lectures of the present Courses. This evening, the 6th Lecture of the Course at the

Stuvvesant Institute. And the First Introductory Lecture of the new Classes Day and Evening Classes) to-morrow, Tuesday the 12th inst

HAYS' LINIMENT-Warranted to cure any case of PILES The Indian Vrgstable Elizar and Liniment is a certain as-permanent cure for the Rasumatism or Gout, Dearness, Lr. McNair's Acoustic Oil, a certain cure for DEAF NESS, Baim of Columbia for the Hair-it removes Scyst and Dandruff. All at 21 Courtlandt st.

LECTURES ON GEOLOGY.

DOCTOR LYELL'S LECTURES ON GEOLOGY.—These cond edition of these celebrated Lectures as reported for Technien is now ready. It contains an Engraved Frontispier, exhibiting an ideal section of part of the Earth's Crust, with explanations. It will also contain a general introduction is explanations. It will also contain a general introduction is Geology not before published. Lecture I embraces the following subjects: Auvergne, Lacustrine Period, Volcanic Feriod, Eruption of Coseguina, Mount Dor. Lecture II, The Earth's Strata, Marine Strata, Perioda, Auvergne District, Say Earth's Strata, Marine Strata, Perioda, Auvergne District, Say Appenines, Mount Ætna. Lecture III, Upheaval and Subjection of the Earth, Naples, Temple of Serapis, Monte Nuv. Lecture IV, Coral Reefs, Coral Islands. Lecture VI, Origin of Coal. Lecture VI, Fossil Foot-prints. Lecture VIII, Boulder and Icebergs.

To the above is also added in this edition, a Sketch of the Lecture of Dr. J. Augustine Smith, delivered before the Lycenn of Natural History on the 9th of December last on the Different Races of Men.

Price per single conv.25 cents. Partmasters remiting

ARRIVED.

Brig Acton, Lambert, 19 days from Apalachicols, with \$65
bales cotton to Dunham & Bimon.

Brig Joseph, Loring, 24 days from St. Thomas, with 218
chds sngar, 35 casks molasses, 126 bags coffee, to Mann &
Thompson; 26 hbds sngar, W.P. Farness; \$6500 specie, Geo Anger.
Brig Republic, Smith, 15 days from Port au Prizee, coffee

Brig Eugene, Drinkwater, 18 days from Mayaguez, PR.

Brig Capt John, Easton, 19 days from New-Orleans, sugar and molasses to Nesmith & Walsh. Schr Cornelia, Richardson, from Matanzas, via Charleston, sugar to J J Taylor. Schr Mary Elizabeth, Barter, 14 days from Havana, molar-

Atkins.

Schr Cohannet, Bartlett, 16 days from Maryel, Cuba, with 124 hhds molasses to R. De Zaido.

Schr Excel, Lovell, 3 days from Boston, with indize to SW

Ship Flavius, from Charleston.
Ship Edward, from New Orleans.
Sw ship Charlotte, from Hamburg, to Boorman, Johnston

The brig Danube, hence for Matanzas, was lost on Dog Key on the 26th ult. Crew and passengers saved, and arrived at Havana in the schr Ann A Parker. Cargo a total loss. A part of the rigging and 200 ounces of gold were saved and car-ried to Havana. The vessel, we believe, was insured in

CITY INTELLIGENCE.

property at auction, nailed up the house which he had hired until May, and then, as was stated, left the country and returned to Ireland, since which time he has not been heard from. And but for the unexpected exhumation of the body, the whole affair of the girl's death would have remained a

parties are therefore simply held to bail to keep the peace.

Action for Crim Con .- This case was concluded. Mr. De Witt occupied four or five hours summing up for plaintif, which he did in an able manner. Judge Kent then delivered the charge of the Court, leaning in his views to the idea that stances connected with the suspicious points in relation to de fendant and Mrs. Van Cott, calculated to excite doubt, &c A sealed verdict will be rendered this forenoon.

COUNTY COURT.

ed as counsel to get the prisoner clear. This charge was also referred to the Committee, and the Court adjourned. noney be paid over on Mr Delaplaine giving indemnity, &c.

named Thomas McKinley, about 12 years old, whose parent reside at the corner of Factory and Perry-streets, was found in the East River at the foot of Houston street, yesterday, and

PHRENG-MNEMOTECHNY.

desire to be accredited by him, before his early departure for Boston and Philadelphia, are requested to meet in the Lectust Room of the Clinton Hall on Thursday the 14th instant, # precisely 12 M., for the purpose of receiving definite commi-

will take place on Saturday the 23d inst. IN THE TABERNACLE.

in the Clinton Hall Lecture Room, at 12 o'clock M., and half

LECTURES ON GEOLOGY.

One Dollar will be entitled to five copies.

GREELEY & McELRATH, Publishers,
Tribune Buildidgs, New-York.

Lewis. Schr Marietta, Burr, 4 days from Richmond, with flour to